## English: Y11

## MAGHULL HIGH SCHOOL – CURRICULUM MAP



	Lessons Sequence					
English Language Paper 2	1. Introduction to Paper 2 2. Inference and retrieval: Q1 3. Summarise and comparison: Q2 4. The Art of Rhetoric 5. Analysing use of language: Q3 6. Exploring effective use of Ethos 7. Exploring effective use of Logos 8. Exploring effective use of Pathos 9. Identify and use antithesis effectively 10. Checkpoint: Comparing how viewpoints are presented: Q4		<ol> <li>Using modal verbs and imperatives for effect</li> <li>Exploring difference between 19th century and 21st century texts</li> <li>Comparing 19th century and 21st century texts</li> <li>Exploring conventions of a speech</li> <li>Infer and retrieve information from a 19th century text – theme of prisons</li> <li>Summarise and compare ideas linked to theme of prison: Q2</li> <li>To analyse use of language within a 19th century text</li> <li>Checkpoint: Question 3 response</li> <li>Exploring the effect of language</li> <li>Comparison of writer methods across sources</li> </ol>		21: Checkpoint activity: Question 4 22. Exploring conventions of an article 23. Using the Art of Rhetoric to create a successful article 24: Checkpoint activity: Q5 article writing 25: Guided mock: Paper 2 Q3 26: Guided mock: Paper 2 Q2 27: Guided mock: Paper 2 Q4 28: Guided mock: Paper 2 Q5 29: Mock exam Paper 2 Section A 30: Mock exam Paper 2 Section B	
Knowledge & Skills development	Understanding terms 'inference' and 'analysis' and distinguish the difference Summarise differences between two texts using inference skills Understand and identify key grammatically terminology Understand origins of rhetoric Explore art of rhetoric: ethos, pathos and logos Understand and identify language and structural devices To explore how writers consciously construct texts Use evidence to support ideas			To identify and understand writer viewpoint To compare viewpoints between texts To compare the effectiveness of writer methods in conveying their viewpoint Identify purpose, audience and form of texts Use a range of linguistic features to match the purpose, audience and form of writing Identify and apply varied punctuation Plan effectively for exam responses Write coherently, engaging a range of audiences Use accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar, including sophisticated vocabulary		
Assessment / Feedback Opportunities	Baseline Testing Paper 1	Lesson 10 Checkpoint Activity: Paper 2 Q4	Lesson 18 Checkpoint Activity: Paper 2 Q3	Lesson 21 Checkpoint Activity: Paper 2 Q4	Lesson 29: Summative assessment Paper 2 Section A	Lesson 30: Summative assessment Paper 2 Section B
Cultural Capital SMSC / Promoting British Values					upils to speak and write fluen inicate with them. Through rea	

(Democracy, Liberty, Rule of Law, Tolerance & Respect	have a chance to develop culturally, emotionally, intellectually, socially and spiritually. All the skills of language are essential to participating fully as a member of society.									
Reading	20 <sup>TH</sup> /21 <sup>st</sup> century articles – Margaret Thatcher									
opportunities	Rhetoric examples: Queen Elizabeth I speech/ Martin Luther King speech/ Malala's address to the United Nations									
	19th Century: Oliver Wilde's account of prison									
	21st century: Guardian article on modern prisons									
Key Vocabulary	Inference	Retrieval	Deduce	Summarise	Comparison	Viewpoint				
	Analysis	Rhetoric	Origin	Ethos	Pathos	Logos				
	Hearth	Shrill	Bereft	Bereaved	Socialists	Bemoaning				
	Prevalence	Propagandist	Seafarers	Trade Unionists	Relentlessly	Intervening				
	Offspring	Embodiment	Status Quo	Micromanagement	Boadicea	Pithiest				
Digital Literacy	Visual stimulus for each lesson Videos relating to context Audio versions of the poems									
Cross-Curricular Links	History: WW1 address/Queen Elizabeth I address/Martin Luther King/Contextual information linked to 19th century Britain Personal Development: Exploring conflict across the world – Malala's United Nations address									
Careers	Advertising, marketing, writing, journalism, law, consultancy, business, teaching, performing arts, academia, linguistics, foreign languages and media									